Mathematics	
Standard Level	Name
Paper 1	
Date:	
1 hour 30 minutes	

Instructions to candidates

- Write your name in the box above. •
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so. •
- You are not permitted access to any calculator for this paper. .
- Section A: answer all of Section A in the spaces provided.
- Section B: answer all of Section B on the answer sheets provided. Write your name on • each answer sheet and attach them to this examination paper.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers must be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [80 marks]. •

exam: 9 pages

[2]

Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

Section A

Answer **all** questions in the boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

The graph of a parabola has x-intercepts at (-3,0) and (1,0).

- (a) Determine the equation of the axis of symmetry of the parabola.
- (b) An equation for the parabola can be written in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$. Given that the parabola passes through (0, -6), find the value of *a*, the value of *b*, and the value of *c*. [4]

[4]

2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The diagram below shows a curve with equation $y = 2 + k \cos x$, defined for $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{5\pi}{2}$.



The point *S* lies on the curve and has coordinates $\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{7}{2}\right)$. The point *T* with coordinates (a, b) is the minimum point.

- (a) Show that k = 3. [2]
- (b) Hence, find the value of *a* and the value of *b*.

3. [Maximum mark: 6]

A geometric series has a positive common ratio r. The series has a sum to infinity of 9 and the sum of the first two terms is 5. Find the first three terms of the series.

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

Find the equation of the line that is **normal** to the curve $y = 3x + e^{-x}$ at the point where x = 0.

 5. [Maximum mark: 7]

Solve for *x* in each of the following equations:

(a)
$$\log_2(5x^2 - x - 2) = 2 + 2\log_2 x$$
. [3]

(b) $3^{x+1} = 2^{2-x}$. Express the answer in the form $\frac{\ln a}{\ln b}$, $a, b \in \mathbb{Q}$. [4]

.....

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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

The coefficients of x^2 in the expansions $(1+x)^{2n}$ and $(1+15x^2)^n$ are equal. Given that *n* is a positive integer, find the value of *n*.

[3]

Do **not** write solutions on this page.

Section B

Answer **all** the questions on the answer sheets provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

In a class of 16 students, 12 study Mathematics, 6 study Physics, and 2 study neither Mathematics or Physics. The class is represented by the diagram below.



- (a) (i) Calculate the value of a, the value of b, the value of c and the value of d. [5]
 - (ii) A student is randomly selected from the class. Given that the student studies Physics, show that the probability that the student also studies Mathematics is $\frac{2}{3}$. [2]
 - (iii) Two students are randomly selected from the class. Find the probability that the first student chosen studies only Mathematics and the second student [4] chosen studies only Physics.
- (b) Two students are randomly selected from the class and moved to a different class. Find the probability that the remaining class of 14 students has no students that studies only Physics.

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[4]

Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 19]

The velocity v, in ms^{-1} , of an object moving along a straight line at time t seconds is given by $v(t) = 2t^2 - 4t - 6 ms^{-1}$, $0 \le t \le 4$. At t = 0 seconds, the displacement of the object is s = 0 m.

- (a) (i) Determine the value of t at which the object reaches its minimum velocity.
 - (ii) Show that the displacement of the object at this value of *t* is $-\frac{22}{3}$ m. [7]
- (b) (i) Sketch a graph of v(t), clearly labelling all axis intercepts, maxima and minima.
 - (ii) Write down the interval of time during which the object is moving to the right.
 - (iii) Write down the interval of time during which the object is moving to the left. [8]
- (c) Find the distance travelled by the object from t = 0 to t = 2 seconds. [4]
- 9. [Maximum mark: 10]

The diagram shows the graph of the function defined by $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x^2}, -1 \le x \le 1$.



The function has a minimum at the point P and a maximum at point Q.

(a) Show that
$$f'(x) = \frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$
. [4]

- (b) Find the coordinates of P, and the coordinates of Q.
- (c) Given that the function g is defined as g(x) = 2f(x-3), determine the range of g. [2]